

"Well, Papa, can you multiply triplets?"



Sir William Rowan Hamilton (1805-1865)

# Euler's four-square identity

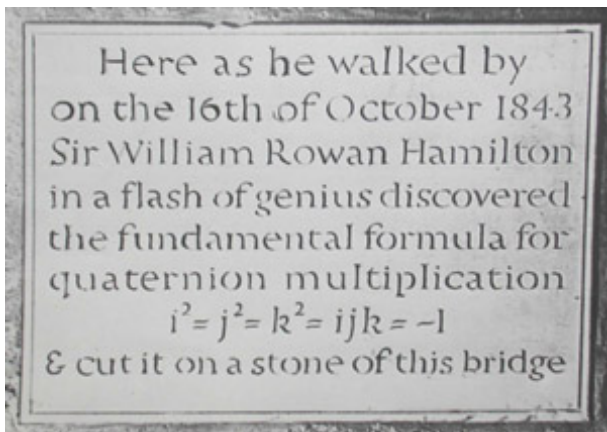
Euler's 4 square identity reads:

$$\begin{aligned}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2)(e^2 + f^2 + g^2 + h^2) = \\ & (ae - bf - cg - dh)^2 \\ & + (af + be + ch - dg)^2 \\ & + (ag + ce - bh + df)^2 \\ & + (ah + de + bg - cf)^2\end{aligned}$$

# Degen's eight-square identity

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 + e^2 + f^2 + g^2 + h^2) \times \\ & (m^2 + n^2 + o^2 + p^2 + q^2 + r^2 + s^2 + t^2) = \\ & (am - bn - co - dp - eq - fr - gs - ht)^2 \\ & + (bm + an + do - cp + fq - er - hs + gt)^2 \\ & + (cm - dn + ao + bp + gq + hr - es - ft)^2 \\ & + (dm + cn - bo + ap + hq - gr + fs - et)^2 \\ & + (em - fn - go - hp + aq + br + cs + dt)^2 \\ & + (fm + en - ho + gp - bq + ar - ds + ct)^2 \\ & + (gm + hn + eo - fp - cq + dr + as - bt)^2 \\ & + (hm - gn + fo + ep - dq - cr + bs + at)^2 \end{aligned}$$

# Discovery of quaternions



# The sad truth...



Valentin Ovsienko

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